

Exploring the Ancient Path in the Buddha's Own Words

Lesson 1.1.0 Bahujanahitasuttam So Fortunate Who Encounters

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Bahujanahitasuttam	For the Benefit of Many
Vuttañhetaṃ bhagavatā,	This has been said by the Blessed
vuttamarahatāti me sutam—	One, it has been said by an Arahant, it has been heard by me-
	"When these three kinds of
"Tayome puggalā loke uppajjamānā	individuals arise in the world, they arise for
uppajjanti bahujanahitāya bahujanasukhāya	the well-being of many, for the happiness of
lokānukampāya atthāya hitāya sukhāya	many, out of compassion for the world, for
devamanussānam.	the benefit, the welfare and happiness of
	gods and men.
Katame tayo?	Which are the three?
Idha, bhikkhave, tathāgato loke	Here, oh Bhikkhus, the Tathāgata
uppajjati araham sammāsambuddho	arises in the world, an Arahant, a fully
vijjācaraņasampanno sugato lokavidū	Enlightened One, perfect in knowledge and
anuttaro purisadammasārathi satthā	conduct, having reached the final goal,
devamanussānam buddho bhagavā.	seeing the entire universe, an incomparable
	trainer of mankind, a teacher of Gods and
So dhammam deseti ādikalyāņam	men, an Enlightened One, a Bhagavā.
majjhekalyāṇaṃ pariyosānakalyāṇaṃ	He teaches the Dhamma which is
sāttham sabyañjanam, kevalaparipuņņam	beneficial in the beginning, beneficial in the

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parisuddham brahmacariyam pakāseti.	middle, and beneficial in the end, with
	correct wording full of meaning, complete
	in itself, utterly pure and displaying the holy
	life.
Ayam, bhikkhave, pathamo puggalo	This, oh Bhikkhus, is the first kind
	of individual that when they arise in the
loke uppajjamāno uppajjati bahujanahitāya	
bahujanasukhāya lokānukampāya atthāya	world, they arise for the well-being of
hitāya sukhāya devamanussānam.	many, for the happiness of many, out of
	compassion for the world, for the benefit,
	the welfare and men.
Puna caparam, bhikkhave, tasseva	Next, oh Bhikkhus, there is a
satthu sāvako araham hoti khīņāsavo vusitavā	disciple of that teacher who is himself an
katakaraņīyo ohitabhāro anuppattasadattho	Arahant—one who has destroyed all
parikkhīņabhavasaṃyojano sammadaññā	impurities, brought himself to perfection
vimutto.	and done what ought to be done, laid down
	the burden and attained his own welfare,
	shattered the bondages of becoming and is
So dhammam deseti ādikalyāņam	realised through complete knowledge.
majjhekalyāṇaṃ pariyosānakalyāṇaṃ	He teaches the Dhamma which is
sāttham sabyañjanam, kevalaparipuņņam	beneficial in the beginning, beneficial in the
parisuddham brahmacariyam pakāseti.	middle, and beneficial in the end, it
	possesses meaning and is well phrased,
	complete in itself, utterly pure and
	displaying the holy life.
Ayam, bhikkhave, dutiyo puggalo	This, oh Bhikkhus, is the second
loke uppajjamāno uppajjati bahujanahitāya	kind of individual that when they arise in
bahujanasukhāya lokānukampāya atthāya	the world, they arise for the well-being of
hitāya sukhāya devamanussānam.	many, for the happiness of many, out of
	compassion for the world, for the benefit,
	the welfare and happiness of Gods and men.
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Puna caparam, bhikkhave, tasseva satthu sāvako sekho hoti pāṭipado bahussuto sīlavatūpapanno. Sopi dhammam deseti ādikalyāṇam majjhekalyāṇam pariyosānakalyāṇam sāttham sabyañjanam, kevalaparipuṇṇam parisuddham brahmacariyam pakāseti.	Further Bhikkhus, there is a disciple of that teacher, under training, full of learning and established in the rules of good conduct. He teaches the Dhamma which is beneficial in the beginning, beneficial in the middle, and beneficial in the end, with correct wording full of meaning, complete in itself, utterly pure and displaying the holy life.
Ayam, bhikkhave, tatiyo puggalo loke uppajjamāno uppajjati bahujanahitāya bahujanasukhāya lokānukampāya atthāya hitāya sukhāya devamanussānam.	This, oh Bhikkhus, is the third kind of individual that when they arise in the world, they arise for the well-being of many, for the happiness of many, out of compassion for the world, for the benefit, the welfare and happiness of Gods and men.
Ime kho, bhikkhave, tayo puggalā loke uppajjamānā uppajjanti bahujanahitāya bahujanasukhāya lokānukampāya atthāya hitāya sukhāya devamanussānan"ti.	These, oh Bhikkhus, are the three kinds of individuals that when they arise in the world, they arise for the well-being of many, for the happiness of many, out of compassion for the world, for the benefit, the welfare and happiness of gods and men."
Etamattham bhagavā avoca. Tatthetam iti vuccati–	The Bhagavā explained this matter, in connection of which this was stated:

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"Satthā hi"	"Because for the teacher"
Ayampi attho vutto bhagavatā, iti me	This matter was laid down by the
sutanti.	Bhagavā, this has been heard by me.