



Exploring the ancient path in the Buddha's own words -- Lesson 1.3.5

Mandūkadevaputtavimānavatthu

"Maṇḍūkohaṃ pure āsiṃ, udake vārigocaro;
Tava dhammaṃ suṇantassa, avadhī vacchapālako.
Muhuttaṃ cittapasādassa, iddhiṃ¹ passa yasañca me;
Ānubhāvañca me passa, vaṇṇaṃ passa jutiñca me.
Ye ca te dīghamaddhānaṃ, dhammaṃ assosuṃ gotama;
Pattā te acalaṭṭhānaṃ, yattha gantvā na socare''ti.

Khuddakanikāye, Vimānavatthupāļi, Purisavimānam, Mahārathavaggo

ānubhāvañca ānu + bhāvam + ca dignity, majesty I was aor. of atthi, 1.pers. āsim acalatthānam acala+t+thanam not moving + place, sphere avadhī aor. of vadhati killed dīghamaddhānam dīgha+m+addhānam long + period gantvā gacchati (ger.) having gone iddhi strength, power splendor, effulgence + and iutiñca jutim + ca mandūkoham mandūka + o+aham a frog + I ammuhuttam moment, minute passa seeing pāpuņati (pp.) attained, gained pattā socati (p.3rd.pl) they grieve socare suṇāti(p.pr.) + assa by hearing suņantassa tava tvam (gen.dat.) via you udake in water vārigocaro vāri +gocaro water + dwelling in vacchapālako vaccha+pālako calf + guardian, cowherd yasañca yasam + ca glory, fame + and

Iddhi: for a normal being this iddhi is understood as a healthy personal quality such as: longevity, good health, wealth etc., but mostly this term is used to express 'supernatural' powers $(abhi\tilde{n}\tilde{n}\tilde{a})$ such as: making oneself invisible, walking on water, flying through the air, reading the mind of other's, etc. The Buddha always strongly discouraged practising or demonstrating these, but encouraged on the other hand to establish oneself in the four bases of iddhi, the $iddhip\bar{a}d\bar{a}$. (for detail 5.4.) Gods like this frog, -deva, in general hold and display one or more of these as an inherent quality, according to the sphere in which they dwell.